**Special Constable Recruitment Process**

* **Application Form**

South Wales Police only accept application forms at certain times, namely, when we open our books for recruitment.

The application form is the first stage of the recruitment process. We require information about you and your family for vetting purposes and to ensure that you meet our eligibility criteria.

The application form also contains a competency section. There are a range of questions to complete, covering six competencies. These are: Serving the Public, Professionalism, Openness to Change, Service Delivery, Decision Making and Working with Others.

The answers you provide will help us to determine whether you are likely to have the skills and abilities necessary to become a good Special Constable. If successful, you will be invited to the next stage of recruitment – the assessment centre.

Here are some top tips for completing the form:

– Answer all of the questions to the best of your ability. If you leave a question blank, it is highly unlikely you will move on to the next stage.
– Follow the prompts given in each question. They will help to give your answers a clearer structure.
– Use examples from your work, social, domestic or educational life to answer the questions. In these examples, we are looking for evidence of specific behaviours which research has shown to be essential to police work.
– Be specific: we want to know what YOU said or did on a given occasion to deal with the situation. It’s therefore important that the examples you provide are your own experiences and as detailed as possible.
– Try to use examples that you found difficult or challenging to deal with. These answers tend to achieve better marks.
– Write clearly and concisely. We expect your answers to be focused, succinct and fluently written, as any police report or statement would need to be. This means writing in complete sentences rather than notes or bullet points, but bear in mind that there is a character count on each of the questions.
– Pay attention to your handwriting, spelling, punctuation and grammar. Remember this is a formal application so the use of jargon and slang is unacceptable. It would be a good idea to use Word in the first instance to spell-check your answers and then copy and paste it into the on-line application form.
– Don’t leave it until the last minute to submit your application, once the closing time arrives the system closes automatically and your application will not accepted.

Remember, if you are unsuccessful, you will not be able to re-apply for six months, so give it your best shot.

* [**Assessment Process**](http://recruit.college.police.uk/Officer/after-I-apply/Documents/SpecialsInformationforCandidates011v1.pdf)
* **Fitness Test**

Policing can occasionally be physically demanding, so you will need to be in fairly good physical condition to pass the fitness test.

The test will basically measure whether your fitness levels are high enough.

For the endurance test, you will be asked to run back and forth a 15 metre track in time with a series of bleeps. As the test goes on, the bleeps become increasingly faster.

If you don’t meet the standard first time around, you can take the test again up to a maximum of three times, with six weeks in between each attempt in order for you to develop and improve.

**You will also be required to attend a pre-appointment fitness test approximately 6 weeks prior to the anticipated appointment date and you must pass this to progress your application.**

* **Medical Assessment**

Special Constables need to have a certain amount of resilience to cope with the pressures and demands of police work. You will need to be physically healthy in order to carry out your duties, so you will undergo an examination to ensure you have no serious health problems.

**Body Mass Index (BMI)**

Your weight range will be assessed during your medical assessment

The healthy weight range is based on a measurement known as your body mass index (BMI). This can be determined if you know your weight and your height. The actual calculation is your weight (in kilograms) divided by your height (in metres squared).

Guidance and easy to use charts on how to calculate your BMI can be found on the [NHS website.](http://www.nhs.uk/Tools/Pages/Healthyweightcalculator.aspx)

The NHS advises that a BMI of 18.5 to 24.9 suggests a normal healthy weight. This means your body is not at risk of weight-related disease.

BMI standards for police officers are set by the Home Office. The current Home Office circular 59/2004 outlines this as between 18 and 30. Applicants who do not meet this standard may find their application delayed and / or will not be appointed.

Inaccuracies in BMI can occur if you are athletic or very muscular as this can give you a higher BMI even if you have a healthy level of body fat. In these cases, as part of the recruitment process, we will be able to provide a simple test to assess the percentage of your body fat.

**Drugs Test and Biometric Vetting**

You will also be asked to undertake a drugs test and provide information about any medication you may be taking.

Legislation has been introduced that requires applicants to undergo biometric vetting.

On the day we will be asking you to sign a consent form to take your fingerprints and a sample of your DNA for the purposes of a speculative search and for your fingerprints and DNA profile to be retained on the Police Elimination Database (PEDb).

The purpose of obtaining fingerprints and DNA samples is to allow for a speculative search to be made against the local and national databases prior to your appointment to the police force. This is to ensure that you have not previously come to adverse police attention, which you have not informed us of, and also that you are not linked to any outstanding crime scenes.

We will ask you to take these tests after we have we have successfully completed all your background checks.

* **Formal Training**

If you are successfully recruited, you will attend formal training. This is usually in the evening or at weekends to fit around your other commitments.

In the training you will gain a good understanding of the many aspects of policing. You will learn about:
• The police service and the duties of a police officer
• Powers of arrest
• Common crimes
• How to prepare your evidence for court
• Self-defense techniques